SS/

SMART SENSOR INDICATOR PLUG & PLAY IEEE 1451.4 COMPLIANT

OPERATOR MANUAL (USB)







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FOR TECHNICAL SUPPORT, CALL (800) 344-3965, FAX (951) 719-3965

2. SSI SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS OVERVIEW

The SSI Smart Sensor Indicator includes a USB 2.0 serial port, which allows the instrument to be connected to the USB port of a PC or other device by means of a USB cable. Serial communications can be used for five purposes:

- 1. Meter setup using Instrument Setup Software. This is a Windows application which can perform all functions of front panel setup. In addition, it allows uploading, editing and downloading of setup data, execution of commands under computer control, and computer prompted calibration. Please see the SSI Operator Manual, Section 11.
- 2. TEDS setup using TEDS Reader_Editor Software. This is a Windows application which can read and alter data from a TEDS Plug and Play load cell that is connected to the meter.
- **3. Data Logging Software.** This is a Windows application with an easy interface to the meter to simplify logging, recalling, listing, plotting and graphing of measurement data.
- **4. Command mode operation,** where the instrument is controlled remotely by commands from a PC or other device.
- 5. Continuous data output to a printer or computer for datalogging purposes.

PHYSICAL CONNECTION



- Type B USB connector



SSI-USB/ACA power adapter with detachable USB cable

-	<u> </u>		
4	3	2	1
	Тур	еA	

Pin	Name	Description
1	VBUS	+5V
2	D-	Data -
3	D+	Data +
4	GND	Ground

Industry standard USB pinout

Type B

SOFTWARE DRIVER

If your computer does not have an FTDI USB driver installed, download and install it from www/ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm

SERIAL COMMUNICATION FORMAT

Signal type: Baud rate:	USB2.0 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400. Selectable by front panel Menu item SEr_1, Digit 4.
Parity:	None
Word length:	8 data bits
Stop bit:	1
Data format:	The basic value data format consists of 7 characters: +999.99 The first character is either a space (for + sign) or a - sign. A decimal point is always furnished, even when it follows the last digit and is not required.

3. SERIAL DATA TRANSMISSION

Data can be transmitted via the serial data protocol from the meter to a computer, printer or other collection device. Data transmission can be controlled by the meter or by a computer executing a program such as the SSI-DLS Data Logging software.

Data can be sent continuously without intervention, as single records each requiring a user command, or as a predetermined number of records from memory. The continuous Output Rate is set by menu item SEr_1, Digit 5. The term "Logging" refers to the transmission of real time data or recall from memory of stored data.

THREE TYPES OF DATA FORMAT

1. VALUE FORMAT

GVVVVV.GVVVV.GVVVVV.X<cr><lf>

1 to 3 Values of Reading, Peak or Valley), where **GVVVVV**. is the sign and value, **X** is a coded alarm character (optional), and **<If>** is an optional line feed. **X** is a letter from A to H, which supplies the alarm and overload status of the meter as follows:

Alarm Status	No Overload	Overload
Neither alarm set	А	E
Alarm 1 set only	В	F
Alarm 2 set only	С	G
Both alarms set	D	Н

As described in Section 4, the Value Format of 1 to 3 values is set by the menu item SEr_3, Digit 5. Optional alarms are set by SEr_2, Digit 4. Optional line feed is set by SEr_2, Digit 3.

2. DATA ITEM FORMAT

MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS GVVVVV.GVVVVV.GVVVVV.UUUU TTT AAF<cr><lf>where each letter represents a character.

#####	is the Memory # (location) at the which the Displayed value is stored if also logging to Memory (optional Data Item).
MM/DD/YY	is the Date (optional Data Item).
HH:MM:SS	is the Time (optional Data Item).
GVVVVV	is one Value.
UUUU	is the Units (optional Data Item).
TTT	is the Value Type of the 1 to 3 Values sent (optional Data Item).
AAF	is the status of Alarms 1 & 2 and overflow (optional Data Item).
<cr></cr>	is the carriage return.
<lf></lf>	is the line feed (optional).

Each Data Item is optional, except that one Value must be included. The optional items are selected by the Menu items LoG, SEr_2 and SEr_3, as described in Section 4.

LLLL LLLL LLLL LLLL YYYY YYMM MMDD DDDH HHHH NNNN NNSS SSSS GPPP TTTV VVVV VVVV VVVV AAFU UUUU

where each letter represents 1 bit, and each nibble (4 bits) is sent as an ASCII Hex character:

1

FOUR CATEGORIES OF SERIAL DATA TRANSMISSION

1. Meter-Controlled Logging

A. Value Format

The Value Format is transmitted continuously at the selected Output Rate when the Meter is set to the Continuous mode (Ser 2, Digit 5 = 0).

B. Data Item Format

The Data Item selection for transmission is set by the Meter menu items LoG and SEr_2 as described in Section 4. In the RUN mode, a single Logging record is transmitted with each push of the LOG key. Continuous Logging records are transmitted at the Output Rate when the LOG key is held for 2 seconds and terminated with a subsequent short push of the LOG key.

2. Meter-Controlled Memory Recall

A. Data Item Format

The Data Item selection for transmission is set by the Meter menu items LoG and SEr_2 as described in Section 4. In the RECALL mode, a single Memory Recall record is transmitted with each push of the LOG key. Continuous Logging records are transmitted when the LOG key is held for 2 seconds and terminated with a subsequent short push of the LOG key.

3. Computer-Controlled Logging - Meter in the RUN mode

A. Value Format

The Value Format is transmitted as a single record with each "*1B1" command issued by the Computer in the Command mode. The Value Format is transmitted continuously at the Output Rate when a "*1A0" command is issued by the Computer. Continuous Transmission is terminated with a "*1A1" command.

B. Data Item Format

The Data Item selection for transmission is set by the Meter menu items LoG and SEr_2 as described in Section 4. A single Logging record is transmitted when a ***1MD** command is issued by the computer followed within 2 seconds by a ***1ME** command. Continuous Logging records are transmitted at the Output Rate when a ***1MD** command is issued by the computer, and are terminated more than 2 seconds later with a ***1ME** command.

4. Computer-Controlled Memory Recall - Meter in the RUN or RECALL mode

A. Data Item Format

A block of records in the Data Item Format is recalled from Meter memory and transmitted with a ***1MN#####SSSSS** command, where **######** = Number of Records (0001 to 8000), and **SSSSS** = Starting Memory address (0000 to 15999).

B. Packed Data Format

A block of records in the Packed Data Format is recalled from Meter memory and is transmitted with a *1MN#####SSSSSSP command, where ###### = Number of Records (0001 to 16000), SSSSSS = Starting Memory address (0000 to 15999), and P = Packed Data designator.

The Meter is placed in the RECALL mode from the RUN mode and reverts to the RUN mode at the conclusion of the RECALL mode.

4. SERIAL INTERFACE SETUP FROM KEYPAD

If certain Menu items to not appear, please refer to Section 9 of the SSI Operator Manual, subsection "Keypad Lockouts."

Press <mark>></mark> Key	Press <mark>></mark> Key _{PEAK} Key	Press A Key	
	0 00 Sent value source	0 Unfiltered 1 Filtered*	
SEr_1 Serial Config 1 Fixed Parameters:	0 <u>0</u> 0 Serial baud rate	0300 baud44800 baud1600 baud59600 baud21200 baud619.2 kbaud32400 baud738.4 kbaud	
No parity 8 data bits 1 stop bit * Filtered is not available for Fast conversion rates.	000 Output rate Rates shown are for 60 Hz. Divide by 1.2 for 50 Hz. Selection 0 is line frequency. Selection 1 is normal display interval.	0 60/sec 8 1/34 sec 1 3.8/sec 9 1/68 sec 2 1.9/sec A 1/137 sec 3 0.94/sec B 1/273 sec 4 1/2.1 sec C 1/546 sec 5 1/4.3 sec D 1/1092 sec 6 1/8.5 sec E 1/2185 sec 7 1/17 sec F 1/4369 sec	
	0 00 <lf> character. Normally used with data to printers.</lf>	 0 No <lf> following <cr></cr></lf> 1 <lf> following <cr></cr></lf> 	
SEr_2 Serial Config 2	0 <u>0</u> 0_ Serial alarm data	0 No alarm data appended1 Alarm data appended	
	00 0 Operating mode	0 Continuous mode1 Command mode	
	0 Serial termination characters for multiple items	 At end of all items. At end of each item. Alarm data, if selected, only at end. 	
SEr_3 Serial Config 3	0 0 Serial data sent	 0 Reading 1 Peak 2 Valley 3 Reading + Peak 4 Reading + Valley 5 Reading + Peak + Valley 6 Displayed Value 	

LoG Data Logging Items logged to USB are	<u>0</u>0000 Units of measure and Value Type (Reading, First Peak, Peak, Valley) logged via USB.	 Do not send Units or Value Type. Send Units, not Value Type. Send Value type, not Units. Send both Value type and Units.
selectable to conserve bandwidth. The same selection applies to Items recalled from Memory via USB.	0 <u>0</u> 000 Time and Date logged via USB.	 Don't send Time or Date. Send Time, not Date. Send Date, not Time. Send both Date and Time.
Items logged to Memory are the Displayed Value, Date, Time, Units, Value	00 <u>0</u> 00 Memory # logged via USB.	 Don't send Memory # address. Send Memory # address.
Type, Alarms, Overload. Recall of data by Memory	000 0 Memory Protect to prevent overwriting.	Memory Protect enabled.Memory Protect disabled.
# by a PC via USB is a selectable function.	00000 Logging destina- tion and USB Recall selections.	 Logging disabled. Log to Memory only. Log to USB only. Log to Memory & USB.

5. OPERATING MODES, COMMANDS, RAM DATA

There are two (2) operating modes of the SSI meter: Continuous mode and Command mode. The mode selection can be made from front panel menu item "SEr_2". One, two or three values in the Value Format may be sent as selected in menu item SEr_3.

1. CONTINUOUS MODE

In this mode, Value data is continuously transmitted by the SSI in a standard data format using printable ASCII characters and at a selectable rate extending from line frequency down to one measurement every 4369 seconds. This data may be received by a printer, by a computer for data logging and analysis, or by a remote display. The transmission rate of Value data can be selected in menu item "SEr_1". Any baud rate may be used, but if less than the minimum baud rate in the table, the transmission rate is reduced.

SEr 1 setting	Output Rate	Minimum Baud Rate		
SEI_I Setting	50 Hz / 60 Hz	1 Value sent	2 Values sent	3 Values sent
0	50 / 60 per sec	9600	9600	19200
1	3.1 / 3.8 per sec	600	600 / 1200	1200
2	1.6 / 1.9 per sec	300	300 / 600	600
3 to 9	0.8 / 0.94 per sec	300	300	300

The SSI does not respond to computer commands in the Continuous mode, except the command ***1A1**, which puts the meter into the Command mode.

2. COMMAND MODE

In this mode, the SSI meter does not send any data automatically, but instead responds to commands received from the host computer. These commands can be:

- 1) To transmit the Reading, Peak or Valley Value.
- 2) To reset itself completely or just the Peak and Valley Values and/or latched alarms.
- 3) To transmit existing setup parameters.
- 4) To receive new setup parameters.
- 5) To monitor or alter parameters in selected memory locations of the meter.

In the Command mode, the SSI also transmits a logging record of selected data items when the LOG key is pressed.

3. COMMAND MODE FORMAT

The Command mode format information below is only required by users who wish to write custom software to read or control the SSI, or to change setup parameters. Transducer Techniques offers SSI-DLS Data Logging Software, which is easy to use and does not require programming. The SSI commands are available to advanced users. The minimum format is 4 characters: Example: ***1A1**

Chars 1-2, Command Identifier and Device Address

All commands begin with *1 followed by a command letter, followed by a subcommand number or letter. Additional characters may be appended. All commands are terminated by a <cr>. An optional lf> is ignored.

Char #	Character	Description
1 2 3 4	* 1 A-Z 0-U	Recognition character Device address (always 1) Command Function Subcommand (or number of bytes or words of data being transferred)

Chars 3 & 4, Commands and Subcommands

Terminate the command sequences shown must terminate with a <cr>.

Communications Mode

- ***1A0** Continuous mode
- ***1A1** Command mode

Request Value

- ***1B1** Get reading. Value or values selected in SEr_3, Digit 5.
- *1B2 Peak value
- ***1B3** Valley value

Activate & Reset Functions

- ***1C0** Cold reset. Reinitializes & restarts program.
- ***1C1** Warm reset. Restarts program.
- ***1C2** Latched alarms reset
- ***1C3** Peak & First Peak value reset
- *1C4 Function reset
- ***1C5** Activate external input B
- ***1C9** Valley value reset

*1C7

*1C8

- ***1CA** Activate tare
- ***1CB** Reset tare value

Activate external input A

Deactivate external input A

***1C6** Deactivate external input B

The following commands are more fully described in Section 3 above.

*1MN######SSSSSS *1MN######SSSSSS	Recall data items from SSI memory. Recall packed data from SSI memory.
* IIVIIN######000000F	Where ###### is the number of records recalled, and
	SSSSSS is the starting (LS) memory address.
*1MD	Start continuous logging.
*1ME	End continuous logging.

4. READ AND WRITE TO RAM AND NONVOLATILE MEMORY

(1) Read and Write RAM Data

RAM data is read and written as a continuous string of bytes consisting of 2 hex characters (0-9,A-F) per byte. Included in the command is the total number of bytes to be transferred and the most significant address in RAM of the continuous string of bytes. The format is:

Read lower RAM data:*1Gnaa (followed by WARM reset)Write lower RAM data:*1Fnaa (data string)Read upper RAM data:*1Rnaa (followed by WARM reset)Write upper RAM data:*1Qnaa (data string)

Where: n is the number of bytes to be read or written.
 aa is the most significant address in RAM of the bytes to be read or written.
 data is n bytes of 2 hex characters per byte in order from the most to the least significant byte.

The number of bytes **n** consists of a single character representing values from 1 to 30 as shown below. See Section 5 for RAM memory addresses and data definitions.

Code #	Code #	Code #	Code #
1 = 1	9 = 9	H = 17	P = 25 $Q = 26$ $R = 27$ $S = 28$ $T = 29$ $U = 30$ $V = 31$ $W = 32$
2 = 2	A = 10	I = 18	
3 = 3	B = 11	J = 19	
4 = 4	C = 12	K = 20	
5 = 5	D = 13	L = 21	
6 = 6	E = 14	M = 22	
7 = 7	F = 15	N = 23	
8 = 8	C = 16	O = 24	

(2) Read and Write Nonvolatile Memory Data

Nonvolatile data is read and written as a continuous string of words consisting of 2 bytes or 4 hex characters (0-9,A-F) per word. Included in the command is the total number of words to be transferred and the most significant address in nonvolatile memory of the continuous string of words. The format is:

Read nonvolatile memory data: *1Xnaa

Write nonvolatile memory data: *1Wnaa (data string)

Where: **n** is the number of words to be read or written.

aa is the most significant address in nonvolatile memory of the words.

data is n words of 2 bytes or 4 hex characters per word in order from the most to the least significant address.

The number of words **n** consists of a single character representing values from 1 to 30 as shown above. The most significant address **aa** consists of 2 hex characters as shown below under Nonvolatile Memory Addresses (Section 8).

5. RAM ADDRESSES AND DATA DEFINITIONS (Lower RAM unless noted otherwise)

Hex Address	Item Name		Bit Assignment
2D	Setup	Bit7 6 5	0000Meter resetFunc. resetMeter reset001Meter resetDisp. Pk/VyMeter reset0010Meter resetTareMeter reset0011Meter resetLogMeter reset010Func. resetDisp. Pk/VyMeter reset0100Func. resetTareMeter reset0101Func. resetLogMeter reset0110Func. resetLogMeter reset0111Disp. Pk/VyTareFunc. reset100Disp. Pk/VyLogFunc. reset101TareLogFunc. reset1010TareFunc. reset1011ValleyPeakFunc. reset
DA	Configuration	Bit7 6 5 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1	4 3 2 1 0 0 Linear data 1 Custom curve (Normal rate only) 0 Normal signal polarity 1 Reverse signal polarity 0 Positive fast peak polarity 1 Negative fast peak polarity 0 Peak button displays Peak 1 Peak button displays Valley 1 Peak button displays Valley 1 Peak button displays Peak then Valle 60 conversions/sec (Normal rate) 120 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 120 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 240 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 960 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 1920 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 1920 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 3840 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 3840 conversions/sec (Fast rate) 7680 conversions/sec (Fast rate)

2F	Filter	Bit7 0 1	6 5 (0 1	0	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1	2 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0		1 0 1 0 1 0	Moving avg time constant = 0.3 sec Moving avg time constant = 0.6 sec Moving avg time constant = 1.2 sec
35	Decimal Point	Bit7	6 5	5 4	3	2 0 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	Not used XXXXX. (not displayed) XXXX.X XXX.XX XX.XXX X.XXX X.XXX .XXXX
12	Units of Load Units menu items will only appear if not in TEDS, or Plug & Play is disabled.	0 0	6 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0) 0) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0 1 1 1	-	-	none oz lb ton Mton g N kgf kN
	Units of Torque	0 0 0	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0 0	1	in-oz in-lb ft-lb kgf-m N-m kgf-cm N-cm
	Units of Pressure		0 1 0 1 0 1	-	0	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 1 0	Pa psi bar

60 (upper memory)	Zero Width Trigger Level	Bit7	6 4	5 4	4 ;	3	2	1 0 0 1	1	None 0.5% of span 1% of span 2% of span
	First Peak Trigger Level	Bit7			0 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 1 0 0 1 1 0	2 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	1	0	1% of First Peak 2% of First Peak 3% of First Peak 4% of First Peak 5% of First Peak 6% of First Peak 7% of First Peak 8% of First Peak 9% of First Peak
06 (upper memory)	Alarm Confg2	Bit7) () () ·) () [.] 1 (1 [.]		200001111	1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0 1 0	1 reading suffices for alarm 2 consecutive readings for alarm 4 consecutive readings for alarm 8 consecutive readings for alarm 16 consecutive readings for alarm 32 consecutive readings for alarm 64 consecutive readings for alarm 128 consecutive readings for alarm AL1 band deviation, AL2 band dev. AL1 hysteresis, AL2 band deviation AL1 band deviation, AL2 hysteresis AL1 hysteresis, AL2 hysteresis No deviation in menus or calculations
05 (upper memory)	Alarm Confg1	0 1		5 4 0 (0 - 1 (1 -	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (0 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0	0 1 0 1 0 1 0	0 1 0 1 0 0 1	AL1 Hi active, AL2 Hi active AL1 Lo active, AL2 Hi active AL1 disabled, AL2 Hi active AL1 Hi active, AL2 Lo active AL1 Lo active, AL2 Lo active AL1 disabled, AL2 Lo active AL1 disabled, AL2 Lo active AL1 Hi active, AL2 disabled AL1 Lo active, AL2 disabled AL1 Lo active, AL2 disabled AL1 disabled, AL2 disabled AL1 disabled, AL2 disabled AL1 & AL2 non-latching AL1 latching, AL2 non-latching AL11 non-latching, AL12 latching AL11 & AL2 latching Relay state when alarm is active: Relay 1 On, Relay 2 On Relay 1 Off, Relay 2 Off Relay 1 Off, Relay 2 Off

44	Tare	Bit7 6	5	4	3 0 1	2 0 1	1	0 0 1	TEDS Plug & Play enabled TEDS Plug & Play disabled Spare Auto-tare enabled Auto-tare disabled Front panel tare enabled Front panel tare disabled
31	Serial 1	Bit7 6	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	4 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	3 000000111111111	2 000011100001111	1 001100110011 10011	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	Data Output Rate at 60 Hz (divide by 1.2 for 50 Hz) 60/sec 3.8/sec 1.9/sec 0.94/sec 1/2.1 sec 1/2.1 sec 1/4.3 sec 1/4.3 sec 1/8.5 sec 1/17 sec 1/34 sec 1/68 sec 1/137 sec 1/273 sec 1/273 sec 1/2185 sec 1/2185 sec 1/2185 sec 1/4369 sec 300 baud 600 baud 1200 baud 2400 baud 2400 baud 9600 baud 19200 baud 38400 baud Send unfiltered value
32	Serial 2	Bit7 6 0 1	0 1	4	3	2	1	0	Continuous mode Command mode No alarm data with reading Alarm data with reading No <lf> following <cr> <lf> following <cr></cr></lf></cr></lf>

6E	Serial 3	Bit7	6	5	4	3 0 1	2 0 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0	1 0 1 0 1	Send Reading Send Peak Send Valley Send Reading + Peak Send Reading + Valley Send Reading + Valley Send Reading + Peak + Valley Send Displayed Value Termination chars at end of all Items Termination chars at end of each Item (one optional Alarm character at end)
15	Log	Bit7 0 0 1	6 0 1 0 1	5 0 0 1 1	4 0 1 0	3 0 1	2 0 1	1 0 1 1	1 0	Logging (& Recall) switch disabled. Log to internal memory only. Log to USB only. Log to both internal memory & USB. Memory Protect enabled. Memory Protect disabled. Do not send Memory address. Send Memory address. Do not send Time or Date. Send Memory address. Do not send Time or Date. Send Time, not Date. Send Date, not Time. Send both Date and Time. Do not send Units or Value Type. Send Units, not Value Type. Send Value Type, not Units. Send both Units and Value Type
1A (upper memory)	Alert	Bit7	6	5	4 0 1	3 0 1	2 0 1	1 0 1 1	1 0	Non-use power-off interval disabled 15-minute non-use power-off interval. 30-minute non-use power-off interval. 60-minute non-use power-off interval. Audible warning before auto power off. No audible warning before power off Green alarm light active. Green light inactive to conserve power Audible tone for alarms. No audible tone for alarms.
33	Lockout 1 (Loc_1) 0 = unlocked 1 = locked	Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1		Menu item & front panel lockout: Lo, Hi Rd, Hi End Lo, Hi In, Rd0 Filter, Zero Width Setup, Config & Decimal Point Non-TEDS Units

34	Lockout 2 (Loc_2) 0 = unlocked 1 = locked	Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1 1		Menu item & front panel lockout: Serial configuration Tare, Log, Alert, Time, Date Alarm setpoint programming Alarm configuration
	Lockout 2 (Loc_3) 0 = unlocked 1 = locked	Bit7	6 1	5 1	4 1	3	2	1	0	Menu item & front panel lockout: Front panel reset, Cold Reset only. FP reset, Peak & latched alarms only. View alarm setpoints. View Peak / Valley value.
6C	Lockout 3 (Loc_4) 0 = unlocked 1 = locked	Bit7	6	5	4	3	2	1		Menu item & front panel lockout: TEDS Calibration Period TEDS Calibration Initials, Measure ID TEDS Calibration Date TEDS Units of Measure TEDS Serial Number

6. 3-BYTE RAM DATA

All items except Scale Factor use this format:	MS byte	Mid byte	LS byte
XX XX XX value = 2's complement	X X	X X	X X
The Scale Factor uses this format: MS nibble N = Polarity and Decimal Point X XX XX value = absolute values	MS byte N X	Mid byte X X	LS byte X X

The 4-bit MS nibble N sets the polarity and decimal point according to the following table:

Positive Polarity	Negative Polarit	Decimal Point
1	9	XXXXX.
2	A	XXXX.X
3	В	XXX.XX
4	С	XX.XXX
5	D	X.XXXX
6	E	.XXXXX

7. 3-BYTE RAM TABLE

MS	Mid	LS	Description
9F	9E	9D	Deviation, Alarm2
9C	9B	9A	Deviation, Alarm1
8D	8C	8B	Setpoint 2
8A	89	88	Setpoint 1
DD	DC	DB	RDO

8. NONVOLATILE MEMORY ADDRESSES (2 bytes/address)

See the corresponding items in RAM for data significance.

Address	MS	LS
1B	Lockout 3	Spare
75	Spare	Serial 3
6E	Spare	Units
6D	Version	М Туре
39	Highmem 2	Highmem 1
38	Currmem 2	Currmem 1
37	Alert	Log
36	Tare	Trigger
1D	RD03	RD02
1C	RD01	Spare
18	Deviation 2 3	Deviation 2 2
17	Deviation 2 1	Deviation 1 3
16	Deviation 1 2	Deviation 1 1
15	Configuration	Sig Cond Type
14	Spare	Decimal Point
13	Lockout 2	Lockout 1
12	Serial 2	Serial 1
11	Options	Filter
10	Setup	Input Type
0F	Alarm Cnfg 2	Alarm Cnfg 1
0B	High Reading 3	High Reading 2
0A	High Reading 1	High Input 3
09	High Input 2	High Input 1
08	Low Reading 3	Low Reading 2
07	Low Reading 1	Low Input 3
06	Low Input 2	Low Input 1
05	High End 3	High End 2
04	High End 1	Spare
02	Setpoint 2 3	Setpoint 2 2
01	Setpoint 2 1	Setpoint 1 3
00	Setpoint 1 2	Setpoint 1 1

Load Cells Force/Torque Sensors ...

(800) 344-3965

E-mail: tti@ttloadcells.com www.transducertechniques.com

